

THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE

12000 WEM

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A champion brave, alert and strong...To aid the right, oppose the wrong.

[No. 58]

NAD & REHMUS

The Daily Union Vedette,
PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING,
(EXCEPT SUNDAY),

AT

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

In time of the departure of the Mails to the
North and Northwestern Territories and beyond.
The large DAILY VEDETTE will be issued
on an early day, and funds every
morning, containing subscribers
throughout these Territories and the States.

TERMS.

	WEEKLY.
Per Annum.	\$16.00
Six Months.	9.00
Three Months.	5.00
Per Month.	1.00
Per Week.	.25
Per Copy.	.15

12000 WEM

Rates of Advertising.

Ins. card	1 sq. ft.	2 sq. ft.	3 sq. ft.	4 sq. ft.	5 sq. ft.	6 sq. ft.	7 sq. ft.	8 sq. ft.	9 sq. ft.	10 sq. ft.
1 d.	\$2	\$2	\$2	\$2	\$2	\$2	\$2	\$2	\$2	\$2
2 d.	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
3 d.	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
4 d.	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
5 d.	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
6 d.	7	11	14	16	18	21	24	27	30	33
7 d.	8	12	17	22	27	30	33	36	39	42
8 d.	9	14	19	24	28	31	34	37	40	43
9 d.	10	18	23	28	32	36	39	43	46	49
10 d.	11	19	24	29	33	37	40	44	48	51
11 d.	12	20	25	30	34	38	41	45	49	52
12 d.	13	21	26	31	35	39	42	46	50	53
13 d.	14	22	27	32	36	40	43	47	51	54
14 d.	15	23	28	33	37	41	44	48	52	55
15 d.	16	24	29	34	38	42	45	49	53	56
16 d.	17	25	30	35	39	43	46	50	54	57
17 d.	18	26	31	36	40	44	47	51	55	58
18 d.	19	27	32	37	41	45	48	52	56	59
19 d.	20	28	33	38	42	46	49	53	57	60
20 d.	21	29	34	39	43	47	50	54	58	61
21 d.	22	30	35	40	44	48	51	55	59	62
22 d.	23	31	36	41	45	49	52	56	60	63
23 d.	24	32	37	42	46	50	53	57	61	64
24 d.	25	33	38	43	47	51	54	58	62	65

WEEKLY.

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1 w.	\$2	\$2	\$2	\$2	\$2	\$2	\$2	\$2	\$2	\$2
2 w.	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
3 w.	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
4 w.	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
5 w.	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
6 w.	7	10	13	16	19	22	25	28	31	34
7 w.	8	11	14	17	20	23	26	29	32	35
8 w.	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	33	36
9 w.	10	13	16	19	22	25	28	31	34	37
10 w.	11	14	17	20	23	26	29	32	35	38
11 w.	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	33	36	39
12 w.	13	16	19	22	25	28	31	34	37	40
13 w.	14	17	20	23	26	29	32	35	38	41
14 w.	15	18	21	24	27	30	33	36	39	42
15 w.	16	19	22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43
16 w.	17	20	23	26	29	32	35	38	41	44
17 w.	18	21	24	27	30	33	36	39	42	45
18 w.	19	22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	46
19 w.	20	23	26	29	32	35	38	41	44	47
20 w.	21	24	27	30	33	36	39	42	45	48
21 w.	22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	46	49
22 w.	23	26	29	32	35	38	41	44	47	50
23 w.	24	27	30	33	36	39	42	45	48	51
24 w.	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52

WEEKLY ADVERTISING.

Business Notices inserted in editorial
columns will be charged at fifty cents per
line, each insert.

Transient advertisements to be paid for
in advance.

A square consists of ten lines of type of
this size.

Yearly advertisers allowed to change
at pleasure only the additional charge of
one square for composition.

Special advertisements (retained on the
spot) will be charged twenty-five
per cent, additional on the above rates.

Advertisements inserted "till forbid" will
be continued over, on demand, in every
instance, and charged for accordingly.

Vedette Directory,

UTAH.

Area, 100,000 square miles.

Population, 50,000.

The Capital, Great Salt Lake City, (Population, 17,000) situated on the great salt water, which is the largest body of water in the world, comprising Colorado, Montana, Idaho, Nevada, New Mexico and Arizona. The City is one of the most beautiful in the Union, and the largest between St. Louis and Sacramento. Its scenery of mountains is majestic, and its view of islands and lake is unique.

The City proper is a square of three miles each side, and contains 200 blocks, 40 acres each, (each divided into 8 lots,) and 4 public squares. Its level streets, running due east and west, and north and south, are 128 feet wide, with shade trees along them. The streams, which are living streams of water flowing by both sides of every street, to irrigate the fruit trees and gardens.

The Territory is divided into twenty counties, the towns of which range from 5,000 to 60,000 population.

Territorial Officers.

Governor,

Secretary,

Sup't Indian Affairs,

Chief Justice,

Associate Justice,

U. S. Attorney,

U. S. Marshal,

Delegates to Congress,

Delaware,

Attala,

Sherriff, Salt Lake Co.,

Mayer, Salt Lake City,

A. O. Smoot

CHURCHES

Congregational, Rev. Norman McLeod.

Baptist, Brigham Young, Heber C. Kimball and Daniel H. Wall, constituting the "First Presidencies," situated in the city Tabernacle; Bishopshoppe's, situated in the churches of the several Wards.

Schools.

Is many of the 20 Wards of the city there are schools conducted by church teachers.

Mails and Stages.

The Overland Mail Company's coaches arrive and depart daily from and to Nevada and California.

The Overland Stage Line coaches arrive and depart daily from Denver and the States, and also run weekly between Salt Lake City and Virginia City, Montana, Boise and Idaho cities, Idaho and intermediate places northward and north-eastward.

Mails run weekly between Salt Lake city and the southern towns of Utah, Arizona, etc.

Table of Distances.

Eastward.

From Salt Lake City

Fort Bridger, 112

Fox Hall, 400

Denver, 600

**THE UNIONVILLE,
WEDNESDAY MORNING, Sept. 13, 1853.**

Address to the People.

Brigham Young and the other two of the self-deluded Trinity of Utah, are continually ranting about "The oneness of the people." The Church and the semi-church organs, as well as the "floating men" here and the missionaries abroad, are constantly shouting about the "on-on, brotherhood and goodwill of the people of "Zion," and their readiness to obey any call given them by their Presidents and Bishops.

It were worse than folly to deny that great power frequently gathers in union of sentiment and concert of action, whether directed to the accomplishment of an object praiseworthy, or otherwise; or that many a good cause has been lost through too diversified plans of operation, and a want of unanimity in their advocates. But it by no means follows that because a people are united in a cause, or unanimous in a decision, such cause and decision are always right and just. Neither does it necessarily follow that "union alone" is an element of strength; that the people who have made it their standard of worth have attained to its highest perfections; that it is always associated with those virtues which alone really adorn the character and qualify the mind to realize the highest enjoyments here, or endow it with those super-eminent excellencies that can fit it for spiritual joys hereafter.

Yet these pseudo prophets, basing their superficial arguments on the declaration of Holy Writ, "Except ye are one, ye are not mine," would have us regard its existence in their community, as one of the highest evidences of the divinity of their faith.

Innocent victims have been condemned to die, and have died in variance with the preconceived notions or established creed of their persecutors, and yet those persecutors were unanimous in the illiberal sentence of judgment passed upon the offending ones.

The Southern people, almost unanimously, sanctioned the inauguration of the late bloody war, and sustained it madly for upwards of four years against the Northern people who had already compromised too much in concessions made to satisfy their united demands, and yet their cause was unjust.

The Brighamite Mormons themselves were united in the frail attempt to stop the Union army under Johnson, and yet their cause too, was wrong, and the action so defiantly taken to sustain it, made them traitors in deed, as they are, and have ever been, in word, and at heart.

The Danites of Southern Utah were united, when they dressed and painted themselves as Indians, and joined with Indians, in the diabolical attack made on the emigrants in the Mountain Meadows, upwards of a hundred of whom they murdered without mercy, and yet all civilized nations justly condemn the sad, dark deed, and will ever associate the names of Lee, Haight, Higbee, Davis, Hatch, Tullies, and near one hundred others, whose names are also known, with malice and ineffable guilt.

Even but a few days since, if a current report can be credited, Heber C. Kimball called for a vote of all the men who would provide for themselves weapons of warfare and fight, we need not say with whom or for what, as the hatred they bear loyal citizens, termed "gentiles," and soldiers, and their outspoken resolve concerning polygamy are sufficiently indicative of their purpose. He also called for a vote of the "sisters" who would arm themselves with knives, or if they could get nothing better, scissort blades, and stand by their husbands and the authorities of the church. "All hands were raised" in carrying these votes. They little realize what they voted for, yet they voted "unanimously." But should they attempt to execute

such a resolve, they will learn more too late, may die but vote on their own destruction.

The law-breaking Editor of the polygamy and treason-attending Salt Lake Daily Telegraph assures

his readers, in recent issue of his pitiless sheet, that "The true secret cause of the deadly hostility manifested towards the people of Utah is their unity in action, and that it is the oneness of the people that is instinctively FEAR."

If by "unity in action" the editor in question refers to the many murders committed here by his master's clan, the general uprising of the Mormon community in 1857, the prosecutions that have everywhere followed the introduction of doctrines opposed to the dogmas of Brigham, the increasing practice of the unnatural and degrading system of polygamy, the vehement "amen" when Brigham or any of his satellites curse the Government, which we have often heard them do,—if he refers to these and kindred other objectionable features of his deity's policy we frankly plead "guilty" to the first charge.

We do, however, contend that the "oneness of the people" is not "feared," either "instinctively," or from any cause. We really have serious doubts whether the proposition is not mistated. Stay! we have it. The phrase is elliptical, and needs transposition. The editor should have said "It is instinctively feared that an enlightened view of their abominable condition will destroy the oneness of the people, and lead to the abolition of polygamy and others of our main supportive pillars."

Such, anyway, will be the case, ere long; and the only party

who need to entertain any fears

on the subject, are those whose semi-barbaric customs are inconsonant with the spirit of an enlightened freedom, and who,

when that spirit shall be more

valed of Utah, will be consigned

to the care of the administrators

of justice, and bear the reproach

of their long list of deeds of

shame.

AN ADDRESS TO THE PEOPLE.

BY A RESIDENT OF UTAH.

ARTICLE 41.

In a former article I said that about two hundred died on the journey from the effects of exposure and starvation. This number covered the losses in the 4th, 5th and 6th hand-cart companies. The 5th and 6th companies were consolidated into one, and Edward Martin, now a painter in Great Salt Lake City, appointed their Captain, with Daniel Tyler, then an important returning missionary, now peddler of small wares in the city, as Chaplain and Assistant.

When the company first started from Iowa they were allowed to take seven pounds of luggage per head, and were allowed one pound of flour each per day. After arriving at Florence they were told to burn up all their surplus clothing and goods, and were allowed thence onward but ten pounds per head each, including in this weight their cooking utensils, bedding, and in fact, everything except their provisions.

The pretense was made that the oxen were already weakened and the people would have to draw their provisions as well as their other effects. Parties were instructed to weigh the allowance of clothing, and see that the rest was all left behind. A large pile of surplus clothing and other useful articles was collected and after the leaders had picked out what their sordid hearts coveted, the rest was burned to ashes.

The appetites of the people soon began to be sharpened by their exercise, and in a few days, a spirit of murmuring in the quality and quantity of provisions issued, prevailed very extensively. The nights also began to be cold for out-door sleeping, and cold made hunger keener. On the 23rd of September, while encamped on the west side of the south fork of the "Platte," the camp was called together, and addressed by the tyrants Martin and Tyler, who told the people, and especially the whiners and grumblers, as they were pleased to denominate those who demanded their rights, that "they had better be satisfied with their one pound of flour per day, for they would have to live on two ounces per day before they reached their journey's end,"—a prediction the sequel will prove but too true. Some were very much disengaged by this prediction, and forsaw that heartrending trials awaited them; but their love of their religion, which demanded gathering to Utah, prevailed over every other feeling, and they determined to press onwards.

One Charles Hall and his wife, however, determined to return to Florence. He was sufficiently astute to perceive into what sort of hands he had fallen, and was unable to reconcile their brutal conduct and blasphemous language with the character of "servants of God." He accordingly made known his intention, when Tyler strictly forbade his taking any of his clothing from the camp, and refused to let his wife have as much as one of her own blankets to wrap herself and baby in although their little innocent was but seven weeks and two days old, and the poor mother still weak from the effects of her recent confinement. He also predicted on Mr. Hall a

THE trimming of bonnets is supposed to be mainly a question of taste. One of the largest millinery establishments in a neighboring city, says the Boston Advertiser, employs an able-bodied man to do this heavy work.

N. B. Produce of all kinds taken in

EXCHANGE.

ing \$15.00

number of cattle, sheep and swine, which he had sold to him, and which were sufficiently corrupt to do the deed at his bidding. WHITE INDIANS were not as plentiful there as they are here.

A few days afterwards, as the oxen began to give out from fatigue, or feed, the camp was again called together, and the people told that a re-call had been received! and asked if they believed it? "Yes!" was the voluble response of many. Are you willing to pay half price?" was again asked, and the same answer given as before. They were then told that the substance of it was that two hundred pounds of flour would be put on each horse, in addition to what was already on, and the people drew it. Those who had been passing spectators of the scene, as well as those who voted to abstain to obey the pretended revelation, before they knew what was, were now obliged to bear their portion of the load. Only one, and that a lady with two girls, her daughters, none of whom had responded to the call for total obedience, refused to have the extra flour on their carts, and firmly held out in their objection—that one did not agree with the rest.

Indigencies of almost every conceivable kind were suffered by the temporary despoilment of their unfortunate victims, and in Martins' company alone, many there were left without clothes. In Martin's company, they had to stand. One hundred and sixty-eight (168) of that company died en route to this land of misery, degradation and white slavery. Of these, one hundred and thirty-six (136) were laid out by one ministering angel in a woman's form, one devoured by wolves, and the remaining seventeen prepared (if preparation it can be called) for their last resting place by other hands. At different times, numbers were thrown into one grave, and near the South Pass, when at one time found a common grave. They had the day before crossed the Sweetwater, many women and children, wading through and drawing their hands apart after them. As they came out of the water, icicles hung to their clothing—so bitterly keen was the frost. No wonder that so many perished. A delay of a few hours would have been sufficient to have freighted everything on the teams, but so long as the unfeeling wretches in charge could idle themselves—they cared nothing for the rest.

Friend-like, however, as was their conduct in these and similar cases, it was, perhaps, of a less aggravating nature than the teams, but so long as the unfeeling wretches in charge could idle themselves referred to as follows:

"At one time a poor old man, a tailor from London, whose silvery locks and towering goit would have excited pity in almost any other than a ruffian's or a Brighamite's breast, finding himself fast hastening to meet the common lot of men, went up to one of the wagons and attempted to get in behind, there to lay down and die; but it was prevented by the following villain whom Brigham's Angels had appointed to command, and who was sent to him, and said, 'Get off the covered wagon, but stay in vain. The hearts of his chieftains were hard as adamant, and no earthly sufferings in others' breasts could touch them.' A few moments afterwards he turned from his cart, walking a few steps from the road out of the other's way, saying as he did so, 'I can't draw the handcart any further, I must lay down and die.' He fell and almost instantly expired. The ruffian 'Tyler' was near by at the time, and many who heard and saw all here stated concerning this old man say that Tyler kicked him, remarking, 'Die and be damned, then.' Comment is unnecessary.

The other case I reserve for my next.

From San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 6th.

The total vote in the city to-day was very light, not exceeding 12,000. Tubbs (Union) and Shaw (Dem.) are probably elected to the Senate. The Fusion candidates for the Assembly are elected, and Louis Cohen on the straight Union ticket, with prospects of five Democratic Assemblymen.

Thomas Scott, of Lincoln, was murdered on the Mokelumne Hill road by two Mexicans.

A private despatch from New York says that the American steamer Oriole, 1,250 tons burden, has been sold to California parties, and is now on the way out.

The Court-martial found Capt. Mears, of the Ninth Regular Infantry, guilty of being absent without leave, and of unbecoming conduct, and sentenced him to be reprimanded and suspended from pay and rank for six months. McDowell approved the findings of the Court, but remitted part of the punishment, allowing him to retain rank and command, and dispensing with the reprimand.

SACRAMENTO, Sept. 6th.

On Monday afternoon Janette Atkins, of Woodland, Yolo county, a girl thirteen years old, was thrown from a swing while playing with other children, and fatally injured. She lived in an unconscious condition until 1 o'clock this morning, at which hour she expired.

The election to-day, is progressing quietly. So far the vote is about even.

RUN TO ORGAN.—Boston has the largest organ in the United States. Boston occasionally alludes to the fact, which hurts the pride of New York. So New York is going to have a larger organ than Boston, and will undoubtedly publish the fact. Our opinion is that both of these cities have more organ than religion.

THE trimming of bonnets is supposed to be mainly a question of taste. One of the largest millinery establishments in a neighboring city, says the Boston Advertiser, employs an able-bodied man to do this heavy work.

ing \$15.00

GENERAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

STAR OF THE WEST & BROS.

TAKE great pleasure in informing their numerous patrons and the public generally that they are back to the former place of business on

The West Side of EAST TEMPLE STREET,

with enlarged and commodious premises, demanded by the greatly increased trade. They are now ready to gone in this city in their class

for quantity or creeds, and their convenience

for quality or creeds.

WE ARE IN

PRICES.

CLOSING OUT OF STOCK.

WE ARE CALLING AT

OUR STOCK ROOMS.

WE HAVE ALREADY RECEIVED A VERY LARGE

STOCK OF NEW GOODS, AND HAVE THREE MORE TRAINS ON THE WAY TO

THIS PLACE.

WE CAN AND WILL SELL AS CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST!

OUR STOCK CONSISTS OF

DRY GOODS, STAPLE AND FAIRY

CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS,

PAINTS, OILS, LEADS,

DYE-STUFFS,

CUTLERY,

NOTIONS, CARPETS,

OIL-CLOTHS AND MATTINGS,

DAMASKS, LACES, EMBROIDERIES,

HOSIERY, CROCKERY AND

Glass Ware, etc., etc.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO, DRUGS,

STATIONERY.

OUR ASSORTMENT IS UNPARSED,

WE OFFER IT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

FOR CASH OR PRODUCE.

WE RETURN OUR SINCEREST THANKS TO THE PUBLIC,

FOR GENEROUS PATRONAGE WHICH WE HAVE RECEIVED,

IN WHICH WE HAVE RECEIVED A CONTINUANCE OF THEIR FAVOR.

SELLING AT COST.

WE DIRECT PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO

OUR LARGE STOCK OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

WHICH WE ARE NOW SELLING

AT COST,

WISHING TO GO OUT OF THAT BRANCH

OF BUSINESS, AND OFFERING THEM

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

AT A

GREATER SACRIFICE.

OUR STOCK OF

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

AND

CLOTHING,

IS COMPLETE, AND OF A QUALITY AND

PRICE WHICH NEED NO

RECOMMENDATION.

WE ALSO HAVE ON HAND

COOKING STOVES,

CARPENTERS' TOOLS,

FARMING IMPLEMENTS,

HATS AND CAPS,

BOOTS AND SHOES, ETC.

TOBACCO,

SEGAR,

ETC., ETC.

AND A VARIETY OF OTHER GOODS, TOO

NUMEROUS TO MENTION.

WE INVITE ONE AND ALL,

RODENBURG & KAHN,

JUN 15-1853

**SHIRT'S
NEW GOODS!**

SUMMER & FALL.

RECENTLY RECEIVED 1853

GILBERT & SONS,

HAT'S, ETC.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

Local and Miscellaneous.

Be true'd to softest music when
Of love and peace thought sweetly singing;
But diamond by thy point, my pen can sing;
When crime's dark bells are round thee ring.

"CHAIN LIGHTNING" might now-a-days
be called "apple electricity."

From the west, per Overland Mail
Line, E. T. Taft and wife, Gov. H.
Covey, *Bearings*.

CHICAGO seems to rise from glory to
glory. Her papers proclaim that she
has a man who can make a telescope.

General Pope has been breveted as
Major General in the regular army, com-
mission dating from the 18th of March
last.

The Dalles, Oregon, Mountaineer, of
the 1st inst., says that Hon. J. M. Ashley,
in his speech at Salem, Oregon, took de-
cided ground in favor of negro suffrage.

Hon. H. G. Parker, formerly member
of the Legislature of Nevada, has been
appointed Superintendent of Indian Af-
fairs for the State of Nevada.

THERE'S a Judge in Oregon by the
name of Boise. He ought to be in Ida-
ho, where are Boise River, Boise Basin,
South Boise, Boise City and the balance
of the Boises.

A great flood in the district of Ber-
thier and Sorel, in Canada, recently,
swept away houses, barns and stock,
and drove the inhabitants onto the tall
trees. Many lives were lost.

The Miss McFlimseys, who have pret-
ty ankles, will be gratified to learn that
the fashion-makers are trying to intro-
duce the "shoe" in their designs. It doesn't
reach the ground by several inches.

The Colfax party carried home with
them to the Atlantic States, specimens
of the splendid mammoth blankets made
at the San Francisco Mills, with cloth
to make each a couple of suits of clothing
beside.

A CHAP suggests to the New York
Evening Post that in view of the recent
verdict in Washington, young men
should be circumspect and careful in
their attention to ladies, or they may be
Harris-ed to death.

MARRIED.—By Chief Justice Titus, on
the 6th inst., at Salt Lake City, Mr.
Thomas T. Payne, of Camp Douglas, to
Miss Clarinda A. Worthing, of S. L. City.

ASTRONOMICAL.—A woman by the name
of Mrs. Dean Hayne-on-the-brain, car-
ries off the stars and visitors every night
here to the theatre! That's all so my
"Web-foot" friend; and what delusion
now delightful!

BEAUTY UNADORNED.—A New York
correspondent has seen the belle of the
season at Newport, on the beach, "in
blue flannel bathing dress and pantaloons,
minus waterfalls, rate, mice, horizon, and
all de Paris," and expresses on the
contrary!

AN Oregon paper says it learns from
our exchange that the endemic entitled
"Julie Dean Hayne-on-the-brain," car-
ries off the stars and visitors every night
here to the theatre! That's all so my
"Web-foot" friend; and what delusion
now delightful!

IDAHO ELECTION.—The election in Idah-
o Territory, as far as heard from, has
gone "Democratic." This was expect-
ed. Missouri and other states from
Price's side, elected "Democratic,"
voted and gave the party its majority.—
Oregonian.

UP HILL BUSINESS.—Attempting to
run up hill everyday, the news
with matter of "varied interest," when no
such "matter" is going on! With coaches
slow, and doings dull, and lightnings
running into the ground, it is "an up
hill business." That's what's the mat-
ter.

GEN. GRANTIS NEEDED to have said
that, unless the French give up their
armed protectorate of Maximilian, we
shall have war with France in less than
five years. The old General seems dis-
posed to take things leisurely. He
doesn't propose to move at once upon
Louis Napoleon's work.

THANKS to the publishers of that most
excellent journal, the *S. F. Mining Press*,
Dewey & Co., for a descriptive pamphlet
copy of the Industrial Exhibition of the
Mechanics' Institute, recently held at
San Francisco. Also to the editors of
the *S. F. Mercantile Gazette & Price Cur-*
rent, for that excellent commercial paper
as an exchange.

A GREAT CONFERENCE.—Law suits are
so numerous in Washoe that the clerks
of courts have prepared a book called a
"Defendant's Index," in which the names
of persons sued are recorded alphabeti-
cally. Every morning the first thing after
breakfast, the whole population run to
examine the index to see whether they
have been sued.

THEATRICAL.—That was a mistake of
the date, in our item yesterday about a
theatre to-night. It will be Saturday
evening, the occasion of a benefit to the
Orchestra, "Macbeth," with Wilder
as the "Tycoon of Scotland" and Mrs.
Hayne as "Lady Macbeth," will be pre-
sented, together with some roaring,
screaming, charming fare entitled "The
Rendezvous." The ladies and gentle-
men of the Depot Dramatic Associa-
tion will appear in well-chosen casts.

The weather is gradually growing milder
and more like autumn again. The
sun has banished the snow from all ad-
jacent peaks, sending it towards "Green-
land's icy mountains" for a while to
keep autumn's golden tint, and when
October comes shall be seen here
yet, ere winter reigns to stay.

NEW YORK, V. M. JACKSON from the
States, got in here a few days since, with
a first class lot of livery stock, stylish
broughams, &c., and is advertising that
since you're here—a fine livery stable.

Mr. Cat Chapin, formerly of Colorado,
is connected with the enterprise. We
will this as a sign of civilization, and
hope it will reward them richly.

The line was still down, east of here,
as we went to press. Perhaps she will
be up and doing this forenoon. The
Superintendent here, Mr. Bassett, has
given instructions to the force at the
station to keep the tracks clear while
on the hunt of wrecks. He goes
down the road himself, in a couple of
days, to see to things.

NORTHERN STAGE LINE.—After Sept.
1st, until further notice, the line by
Overland Stage Line to Virginia City
Montana, and Boise City, Idaho, will be
one hundred dollars (100) Legal Tender
Notes, instead of one hundred and fifty
dollars as heretofore. The stages are
making the trip to Boise in three days
and a half, and to Virginia in four days.

J. S. ROBERTSON, Agent.

Sept. 7, 1st.

COL. MILO GEORGE, Commander of this
Sub-District, accompanied by Capt.
Dalton, left by Monday's coach to Fort
Brigader and Green River, and Bushess
connected with the interests of the route's
protection. Military are being station-
ed at the chief salient points along the
line between Bridger and the Black
Hills, insufficient strength to cause no
fear for mail or passenger travel for the
future.

FRUITFUL.—We saw on exhibition at a
fruit store, the other day on Main-street,
a phenomenon of fecundity in the apple
tree. It was a single, slender stem with
thirty-two tolerably good sized apples
on it, all stuck together, or seemingly to
one another, on the end of the little limb
or stem. The like might not be found
again in a universe of orchards. Mak-
ing use of more allisonant words, we
might call this a "phenomenon of pomo-
logical fecundity!"

ASTRONOMICAL.—The planet Venus is
now the morning star, and makes a
splendid appearance in the east just
before dawn. She is about thirty degrees
ahead of the sun, and followed by him
in the same track across the heavens.

On a clear day she may be seen with a
pair of eyes until she is half way down
the western horizon; and perhaps longer,
though the glare of the sun in the
afternoon renders observation somewhat
difficult.

SPOTSWOOD & INGRAM.

Enquire at "New Store," formerly occupied
by Staines, Neelham & Co.

Notice

WOOD will be received, for
the ensuing month, by the under-
signed's agent at Woodville, Im-
migration Canon.

HIFALUTIN.—A New York local of the
Tribune in reporting the grand Central
Park Concert Hall in the city on the
afternoon of July 8th, writes in the fol-
lowing style:

The Saturday afternoon concert at the
Park was very largely attended, and gave
the audience satisfaction to the 40,000 or
50,000 persons of all ages, professions,
callings and nationalities, who were pre-
sent, and made for the hour sympathetic
with each other by the sweet strains that
filled the soft summer air like perfumes
growing audible.

The day was delightful; a pleasant
and animated breeze tempering the sun's
heat and playing the licensed libertine
with hundreds of fair women who, we
grieve to state, were glad to feel his fra-
grant kiss on their cheeks, his cool fingers
in their soft bosoms and amid the
silken tresses, and wantoning among the
graceful folds of their elegant and clabo-
rate toilets.

Dr. Quincy was asked why

there were more women than men,

replied: "It is in conformity with the
arrangement of nature—we are
to see more of heaven than of earth."

A FIRM in San Francisco who had a
ship and cargo destroyed by the
Shenandoah, have forwarded

a bill of \$260,000 to Wash-
ington to be paid with other claims

for property destroyed by Eng-
lish pirates. Similar bills will

be presented by the owners of all
other vessels destroyed by the

graceful folds of their elegant and clabo-
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ALL SORTS OF ITEMS.

200
United States
7.30 LOAN.
Third Series.
\$230,000,000.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, under date of the 2d instant, the General Subscription Agent for the sale of United States securities, offers to the public the bond of the Treasury Notes, bearing six and three-tenths per cent. interest per annum, known as the

7.30 LOAN.

These notes are payable under date of July 15, 1863, and are payable three years from that date in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into

U. S. 3.90 Six per Cent.

Gold bearing Bonds.

The Bonds are now worth a handsome premium, and are exempt, as far as the Government is concerned, from all taxes, except those which add from one to three per cent. per annum to their value, according to the rate levied upon other property. The interest is payable semi-annually by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest at 7.30 per cent., amounts to

One cent per day on a \$50 note.

Two cents per day on a \$100 note.

Ten cents " " " \$500 "

Twenty cents " " " \$1,000 "

One Dollar " " " \$3,000 "

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions.

The notes of this Third Series are printed similar in size and color, with the Seven Thirties already sold, except that the Government reserves to itself the option of paying interest in gold coin at 6 per cent., instead of 7.30 in currency. Subscribers will deduct the interest in currency on to July 15th, at the time when the subscriber

The delivery of the notes of this third series of the seven thirties will commence on the first of June, and will be made promptly and continuously after that date.

The delivery is made in the conditions of this THIRD SERIES affects only the matter of interest. The payment in gold, if made, will be equivalent to the currency interest of the higher rate.

The return to specie payments, in the event of which only will the option to pay interest in Gold be available of, would so reduce and equalize prices that purchases made with six per cent. in gold would be fully equal to those made with seven and three-tenths per cent. in currency.

This is

The only Loan in the MARKET.

Now offered by the Government, and its super-advantages make it the

Great popular Loan of the People.

Less than \$200,000,000 of the Loan authorized by Congress are now on the market. This amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within sixty days, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium of 30 cents over the 7.30.

In order that citizens of every town and section of country may be offered facilities for taking the Loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Grange Banks throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which the receiver holds.

JAY COOKE,
Subscription Agent,
No. 114 South Third Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
jel-3m

BUTTERFIELD'S

Overland

DESPATCH,

TO ALL POINTS IN Colorado, Utah, New Mexico, Arizona, Idaho and Montana Territories, and the

State of Nevada.

—
CONTR CTS can be made with this company through their agents; to transport freight from all of the

EASTERN CITIES,

To all localities in the Territories, the rate to include Railroad and Overland carriage and all commissions upon the Missouri river.

The Company owns its Transportation and gives a

THROUGH BILL OF LADING,

Which protects the shipper from the extreme East to the Far West.

Express Department.

About AUGUST 1st, 1863, the Company will have a line of Express Coaches running daily between

Atchison, Kansas and Denver, Col., and about September 1st to

Santa Fe, New Mexico,

and, as soon in the spring as possible, a tri-weekly between Denver and Salt Lake City, over which merchandise will be carried at fair express rates.

Time to Denver Eight Days. Mark Goods for Cattle and Mule trains:

"BUTTERFIELD'S OV DESPATCH"

Mark Goods for Express:

"B. O. D. EXPRESS, ATCHISON."**Rates and Information,**

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Wm. Morrow, " 20 Devereux, Denver.

N. S. Hanshaw & Co, Salt Lake City.

E. P. Bray, 68 Broadway, N. Y., President.

W. K. Kitchen, at Park Bank, N. Y., Treasurer.

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IOWA.

STEWART & HAAS,
Wholesale Dealers in Groceries,
General Merchandise, etc.

Notice.

TEETH extracted scientifically. Hair cutting

and general Barbering at residence in Mor-

ristown, 146 Broad-st., New York.

W. W. GATES' Pres.

Chicago, Illinois.

W. W. Gates, Atchison, Kansas.

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NEW YORK CITY ADV'TS.**METROPOLITAN HOTEL**

New York City.

Warren Leland Bros.

Proprietors.

Guests from the Pacific States and Terri-

tories will receive the highest attention at this

House.

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ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL

New York City.

THE Patronage of Merchants and Travellers

from California, Colorado, Utah, Montana

and the West is solicited, and addressed gen-

erally to the proprietors.

HELENA, MONTANA.

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JAMES BEESTON,

Commission Agent,

12 Barclay street, New York City.

Agents for the purchasing of all kinds

of Merchandise and Machinery for Utah,

Montana and Idaho.

Refer to Merchants of Salt Lake City.

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D. P. CLARK & BRO'S,

(Late DRAPER, CLARK & CO.)

No. 330 Broadway, New York.

MANUFACTURERS, Commission Merchants

and Wholesale Dealers in

Fur, Silk and Wool

HATS, CAPS,

Straw Goods, Feathers, Artificial Flowers, etc.

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Manufacturing Co.

Manufacturers of Builders' and other Hardware.

No. 87 & 89 Beckman, and 59 Cliff streets,

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HALL SOUTHWICK & CO.

384 and 386 Broadway, New York.

Wholesale Dealers in Boots and Shoes.

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43 Chambers and 21 Reade Streets, New

York.

Importers and Dealers in Foreign and Domestic

Hardware, Cutlery, Guns etc.

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SANTA FE.

SPEIGLEBERG BROTHERS,

Keep constantly on hand the largest stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Dry Goods, Groceries, Liquors, Mexican Goods, Hard-

ware, Novelties, etc. etc.

To be found elsewhere in New Mexico or

Arizona.

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A. M. HUNT,

Santa Fe, N. M.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Books and Sta-

tionery, Papers and Periodicals.

Post Office Building.

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BOWEN BROTHERS,

IMPORTERS AND JOBERS OF GROCERIES.

Providing Wines and Tonic Waters,

428 and 429 Battery street, San Francisco.

A full and complete assortment constantly on

hand, and Orders from the Interior promptly

attended to. jel-1f

FRAK GREEN'S "Eldorado"

Restaurant,

Santa Fe, N. M.

This elegant Saloon and Restaurant is conducted

in the best style of first class Establish-

ments East.

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HENRY BELL & SON.

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,

144 and 146 Main Street, between Vine and

Washington Avenue, St. Louis.

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PRAETT & FOX.

No's 139 and 141 Main street, St. Louis.

IMPORTERS AND Wholesale Dealers in For-

eign and Domestic Hardware and Cutlery,

Guns, Rifles, Pistols, etc. etc.

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WM. SPEAR & CO.,

Tobacco Manufacturers,

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AGENCY FOR THE PURCHASE AND SHIPMENT OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF MERCHANTS AND MACHINERY ON COMMISSION FOR UTAH